

Gujarat Judiciary - Prelims 2019

75 questions. Answer key with solutions follows the paper. Source: lawmock.com - free previous-year papers & mock tests.

Q2. Turpitude (Choose the Antonym)

- (a) Sainly behaviour
- (b) Clever conversation
- (c) Lively imagination
- (d) Agitation

Q5. 25, 27, 31, 37, 45, 55, _____ (Complete the given series)

- (a) 61
- (b) 63
- (c) 67
- (d) 69

Q6. Additional Evidence means :

- (a) evidence let in appeal before the trial has closed in the lower Court, it is a privilege allowed only under special circumstances
- (b) evidence let in appeal after the trial has closed in the Supreme Court, it is a privilege allowed only under special circumstances
- (c) evidence let in appeal after the trial has closed in the lower Court, it is a privilege allowed only under special circumstances
- (d) none of these

Q7. Which of the following deals with the absence of a complainant ?

- (a) Section 235 of the Criminal Procedure Code
- (b) Section 264 of the Criminal Procedure Code
- (c) Section 249 of the Criminal Procedure Code
- (d) Section 242 of the Criminal Procedure Code

Q8. A sues B for land of which B is in possession, and which, as A asserts, was left to A by the will of C, B's father. If no evidence were given on either side, B would be entitled to retain his possession.

Applying Section 102 of the Indian Evidence Act :

- (a) the burden of proof is on A
- (b) the burden of proof is on B
- (c) the burden of proof is on C
- (d) none of these

Q11. When the power has obtained possession of the goods pledged by him under a contract voidable is not rescinded at the time of pledge, the pawnee acquires_____.

- (a) A good title
- (b) A defective title
- (c) The goods illegally
- (d) None of these

Q12. A police officer, textures z in order to induce z to confess that he committed a crime.

- (a) A has committed an offence under section 322 of the Indian Penal code
- (b) A has committed an offence under section 328 of the Indian Penal Code
- (c) A has committed an offence under section 330 of the Indian Penal Code
- (d) A has committed an offence under section 334 of the Indian Penal code

Q13. Making the atmosphere noxious to health is dealt with.

- (a) Section 278 of Indian Penal code
- (b) Section 279 of Indian Penal code
- (c) Section 280 of Indian Penal code
- (d) Section 281 of Indian Penal code

Q15. "Tort" in the limitation Act, 1963 includes which of the following?

- (a) Civil wrong, which is exclusively the breach of a contract or the breach of trust
- (b) Judicial wrong, which is not exclusively the breach of a contract or the breach of trust
- (c) Civil wrong, which is not exclusively the breach of a contract or the breach of trust
- (d) None of these

Q16. Which of the following is true of the right to receive maintenance under section 125 of the criminal Procedure code?

- (a) It is purely a personal right created by an order of criminal court
- (b) There is no charge created on property by the order for maintenance
- (c) The maintenance cannot be held to the alienable property
- (d) All of these

Q17. Where a row and a column meet, is called_____.

- (a) A cell
- (b) A block
- (c) A box
- (d) None of these

Q18. By which amendment act to the constitution of India, the provision with regard to compulsory acquisition of property was omitted?

- (a) 44th amendment
- (b) 42nd amendment
- (c) 61st amendment
- (d) 20th amendment

Q19. Choose the word spelled correctly

- (a) Felicilate
- (b) Facilitate
- (c) Felicitated
- (d) Facilitate

Q20. Extra-Judicial confession is weak if it is made especially:

- (a) Before a person with whom the accused had no previous contact
- (b) Before a person whom the accused already knows
- (c) Before a person who is co-accused
- (d) None of these

Q21. in a certain code language, 35796 is written as 44887. How would 46823 be written in that code language?

- (a) 57914
- (b) 55914
- (c) 55934
- (d) 55714

Q22. Article 25 of the Limitation Act, 1963 deals with which of the following?

- (a) Payment of interest on the money due from the defendant to the plaintiff
- (b) Payment of interest on the money due from the plaintiff to the defendant
- (c) Either (A) or (B)
- (d) None of these

Q23. False statement, rumour, etc. circulated with intent to cause mutiny or offence against the public peace is dealt under

- (a) Section 505 of Indian Penal Code
- (b) Section 300 of Indian Penal Code
- (c) Section 299 of Indian Penal Code
- (d) Section 351 of Indian Penal Code

Q24. What is usually used for displaying information at public places?

- (a) Monitores
- (b) Overhead projections
- (c) Touch screen kiosks
- (d) None of these

Q25. Using as true any such declaration known to be false is dealt under

- (a) Section 199 of Indian Penal code
- (b) Section 200 of Indian Penal code
- (c) Section 201 of Indian Penal code
- (d) Section 202 of Indian Penal Code

Q26. Find the principle when the simple interest for 3 years at 5% is Rs. 90.

- (a) Rs.300
- (b) Rs.400
- (c) Rs.500
- (d) Rs.600

Q27. We were friends at school but _____ when we went to different university?(Fill in the blank with correct phrases/verb)

- (a) Drifted along
- (b) Drifted apart
- (c) Drifted out
- (d) Drifted from

Q28. X has been illegally detained by the police authorities. His father has been advised to file a writ petition before the High Court. Which writ should be prayed for in such petitions?

- (a) Habeas corpus
- (b) Certiorari
- (c) Quo Warranto
- (d) Mandamus

Q30. Which of the following provisions of the code of civil procedure will be applicable in case of death of one of the several defendants or the sole defendant in the suit?

- (a) Order 12, Rule 1
- (b) Order 10, Rule 9
- (c) Order 19, Rule 6
- (d) Order 22, Rule 4

Q31. Manifest (Choose the Synonym)

- (a) Boasting
- (b) Evident
- (c) Destined
- (d) Generous

Q33. Under Section 6(2), limitation act, 1963 where several disabilities co-exist concurrently or where the plaintiff is affected by another disability from earlier disability,_____.

- (a) Time will commence even if both the disabilities have not cased
- (b) Time will not commence till both the disabilities have crashed
- (c) Time will not commence till any one of the disabilities has cased
- (d) None of the above

Q34. Which of the following states when accused shall be discharged?

- (a) Section 239 of code of Criminal Procedure
- (b) Section 264 of Code of Criminal Procedure
- (c) Section 337 of Code of Criminal Procedure
- (d) Section 258 of Code of Criminal Procedure

Q35. The tangible part of a computer system is called :

- (a) Input data
- (b) Output data
- (c) Hardware
- (d) Software

Q36. Spurious liquor containing_____or any other poisonous substance has been defined as "Laththa".

- (a) Methanol
- (b) Hemp
- (c) Spirit
- (d) Toldy

Q38. F.I.R. suggests that

- (a) It is the earliest and the first information of a cognizable offence prevented by an officer in charge of a police station
- (b) It is earliest and the first information of a cognizable offence recorded by an officer in charge of a police station
- (c) It is the earliest and the first information of a cognizable offence committed by an officer in charge of a police station
- (d) None of these

Q39. Inimitable (Choose the Antonym)

- (a) Inclined to disappear
- (b) Eager to advise
- (c) Intelligence
- (d) Ordinary

Q40. Under which of the following provisions of the code of civil procedure, the particulars of set-off are to be given in the written statements?

- (a) Order 5, Rule 30
- (b) Order 8, Rule 6
- (c) Order 6, Rule 10
- (d) Order 10, Rule 22

Q41. Which of the following deals with power to amend decree or order where appeal is summarily dismissed in the Code of Civil Procedure ?

- (a) Section USA
- (b) Section 103A
- (c) Section 148A
- (d) Section 153A

Q42. A suit for partition contains which of the following decree ?

- (a) Preliminary decree
- (b) Intermediate decree
- (c) Final decree
- (d) Both (A) and ©

Q43. The average weight of 10 men is decreased by 3 kg when one of them, whose weight is 80 kg, is replaced by a new person. The weight of the new person is :

Q45. Under which of the following provisions of the code of civil procedure, the prisoner is required to be brought to court in custody?

- (a) Order 16A, Rule 6
- (b) Order 14, Rule 20
- (c) Order 19, Rule 21
- (d) Order 11, Rule 7

Q47. Eye :Wink :: Heart:_____

- (a) Throb
- (b) Move
- (c) Pump
- (d) Respirate

Q48. I am glad we are on the same page with our ideas for this project. (Give the appropriate meaning to the underlined portion).

- (a) Agree
- (b) Discharge
- (c) Divided
- (d) Deliberate

Q49. Which section of the Gujarat Prohibition Act provides for procedure in confiscation ?

- (a) Section 99
- (b) Section 100
- (c) Section 101
- (d) Section 98

Q50. Internet is an example of:

- (a) WAN
- (b) LAN
- (c) Internet
- (d) MAN

Q51. In Ms- word, by default, a document is printed_____mode.

- (a) Landscape
- (b) Portrait
- (c) Page setup
- (d) Print view

Q52. A statement by the accused must amount to a confession for the application of:

- (a) Section 25 of Indian Evidence Act
- (b) Section 13 of Indian Evidence Act
- (c) Section 10 of Indian Evidence Act
- (d) none of these

Q54. Which of the following is essential of an offence under Section 114, of Indian Penal Code ?

- (a) there was abetment by accused
- (b) the act was actually committed in pursuance of abetment
- (c) the accused was present while the act was being committed
- (d) All of these

Q55. I _____ the latest issue of the magazine in the shop and decided to buy it, (Fill in the blank with correct phrase/verb).

- (a) Flipped on
- (b) Flipped off
- (c) Flipped through
- (d) Flipped out

Q56. What is the presumption to be drawn under Section 139 of the Negotiable Instruments Act ?

- (a) That the holder of the cheque received the cheque for the discharge, in whole or in part, of any debt or other liability.
- (b) That the drawer had duly signed the cheque.
- (c) That the cheque was dishonoured for want of sufficient funds;
- (d) That the cheque in question had not expired on the date of its presentation

Q58. The principle _____ is embodied in section 6 of the evidence acts.

- (a) Estoppel
- (b) Res Gestae
- (c) Presumption
- (d) Falsus in uno falsus in omentum

Q63. The use of computer workstations to send and receive messages is known as :

- (a) Electronic funds transfer
- (b) Electronic message switching
- (c) Electronic mail
- (d) Electronic publishing

Q64. Under the head subsequent conduct, which of the following types of conduct would be material ?

- (a) Change of life
- (b) Evasion of justice
- (c) Fear, trembling
- (d) All of these

Q65. Which of the following deals with alternative promise, one branch being illegal in the Indian Contract Act, 1872 ?

- (a) Section 56
- (b) Section 50
- (c) Section 55
- (d) Section 58

Q66. Choose the word spelt correctly

- (a) Dispatch
- (b) Dispatch
- (c) Dispatich
- (d) Dyspatch

Q67. What do you understand by the term "Leading Question" ?

- (a) Question suggesting the answer which the person putting it wishes or expects to receive
- (b) A question asked to contradict the witness by his previous writing
- (c) A question asked with reasonable ground
- (d) A question asked with reasonable ground

Q68. Where a promissory note is payable by instalments have become due, and the holder of the note sues only for one of the instalments and consists of sure for the other instalments.

- (a) He can afterwards sue for these instalments
- (b) He cannot afterwards sue for these instalments
- (c) Either (A) or (B)
- (d) None of these

Q69. The evidence of any person whose evidence is of a formal character which may be given by affidavit is provisioned in:

- (a) Section 265 of Criminal procedure code
- (b) Section 387 of Criminal procedure code
- (c) Section 280 of Criminal procedure code
- (d) Section 295 of Criminal procedure code

Q71. Who is the first Indian to receive the honour of Bharat Ratna?

- (a) Dr. Sarvapali RadhaKrishnan
- (b) Ravindra Nath Tagore
- (c) Indira Gandhi
- (d) Mahatma Gandhi

Q73. Which of the following deals with the period of detention undergone by the accused to be set off against the sentence of imprisonment?

- (a) Section 286 of Criminal procedure code
- (b) Section 428 of Criminal procedure code
- (c) Section 588 of Criminal procedure code
- (d) Section 289 of Criminal procedure code

Q74. Which of the following is the limitation period under Article 27 of the limitation Act, 1963?

- (a) One year
- (b) Three year
- (c) Five year
- (d) Both- One year and three years

Q75. To prove both the parts of the offence contemplated in section 116 of the Indian Penal code, which of the following must be proved by the prosecution?

- (a) To prove the first part, the accused did abet the offence either by instigation or by conspiracy or by international aiding or by illegal commission
- (b) to prove the first part, the offence was such which is punishable with imprisonment.
- (c) to prove the second part, the person abetted was a public servant during the period he was abetted.
- (d) to prove the second part, it was the duty of such public servants to prevent the commission of such an offence.

Q76. Which of the following latitudes pass through India ?

- (a) Equator
- (b) Arctic Circle
- (c) Tropic of Capricorn
- (d) Tropic of Cancer

Q77. Find the odd one out

- (a) Joy
- (b) Cleaver
- (c) Happy
- (d) Anxiety

Q78. A sees Z commit what appears to A to be a murder. A, in the exercise to the best of his judgement exerted in good faith, of the power which the law gives to all persons of apprehending murderers in the act, seizes Z, in order to bring Z before the proper authorities.

- (a) A has committed an offence, while Z was acting in self-defence
- (b) Both A and Z committed an offence
- (c) A has committed no offence, though it may turn out that Z was acting in self-defence
- (d) none of these

Q80. Expedient (Choose the Synonym)

- (a) Suitable and advantageous
- (b) Moral or ethical
- (c) Troublesome or costly
- (d) Quick

Q82. How does Section 157 of Criminal Procedure code provides safeguards for rape victims ?

- (a) The recording of statement of the victim shall be conducted at the residence of the victim or in the place of her choice
- (b) The recording of statement as far as practicable must be conducted by a woman police officer in the presence of her parent or guardian or near relatives or social worker of the locality
- (c) Both (A) and (B)
- (d) None of these

Q83. Which of the following deals with how delivery to bailee is to be made in the indian contract act, 1872.

- (a) Section 149
- (b) Section 135
- (c) Section 145
- (d) Section 140

Q85. Article 94 of the limitation act, 1963 will apply to which of the following institution/

- (a) Hindu religious endowment
- (b) Muslim religious endowment
- (c) Buddhist charitable endowment
- (d) Christian religious endowment

Q86. Autrefois acquit or plea of double jeopardy arises:

- (a) When a person is acquitted again of the same offence
- (b) When a person is convicted again for the different offence
- (c) When a person is tried again for the same offence
- (d) None of these

Q89. I needed to study, but I kept beating around the bush. (Give the appropriate meaning to the underlined portion)

- (a) Getting confused
- (b) Getting angry
- (c) Not coming to the point
- (d) Feeling scared

Q90. Which of the following is false of Section 34 and Section 149 of the Indian Penal Code ?

- (a) Section 34 does not by itself create any specific offence whereas Section 149 does so.
- (b) Some active participation in crime is required in Section 34 while it is not needed in Section 149
- (c) Section 34 speaks of common intention while Section 149 contemplates common object
- (d) Section 34 requires at least five persons who must share the common intention while Section 149 requires at least two persons to share the common intention

Q91. Article 51A of the Constitution of India provides for :

- (a) fundamental duties
- (b) promotion of international peace and security
- (c) organisation of agriculture and animal husbandry
- (d) protection of monuments and places and objects of national importance

Q92. A agrees to sell to B the goods which are on their way to Chennai from Oman by a ship. But before the agreement between the parties, the ship had sunk and the goods to be sold to B, were lost. Neither party is aware of this happening. The agreement is :

- (a) Void
- (b) Voidable
- (c) Valid
- (d) Enforceable

Q93. Voluntarily causing grievous hurt to extort property or a valuable security or to constrain to do anything, which is, illegal or which may facilitate the commission of an offence is dealt under

- (a) Section 329 of Indian Penal Code
- (b) Section 330 of Indian Penal Code
- (c) Section 331 of Indian Penal Code
- (d) Section 332 of Indian Penal Code

Q94. When a file is saved for the first time _____.

- (a) a copy is automatically printed
- (b) it must be given a name to identify it
- (c) it does not need a name
- (d) it only needs a name if it is not going to be printed

Q95. CTRL+Z=_____.

- (a) Undo last action"
- (b) Insert Link
- (c) Minimise Current Window
- (d) Bold highlighted section

Q97. Which of the following deals with subsequent pleading in the code of civil procedure?

- (a) Order 8, rule 9
- (b) Order 4, rule 13
- (c) Order 6, rule 10
- (d) Order 10, rule 22

Q98. Under Section 63 of the Indian Evidence Act, secondary evidence includes;

- (a) certified copies
- (b) copies made from the original by mechanical processes, and copies compared with such copies
- (c) copies made from or compared with the original
- (d) counterparts of documents, as against the parties who did not execute them

Q99. In case presentation of an instrument for acceptance or payment is delayed,_____.

- (a) The responsibility of all the parties thereto end
- (b) It becomes ineligible for payment
- (c) The delay can be excused if it is caused by circumstances outside the control of the holder and not because of his negligence, default or misconduct
- (d) The delay can be excused if it is caused by circumstances outside the control of the holder, or due to his negligence, but not if caused due to default or misconduct.

Q100. Article 20(2) of the constitution of India provides for protection against:

- (a) Double jeopardy
- (b) Wrongful restraint
- (c) Arrest and detention
- (d) Child labour

Answer Key & Solutions

Q2. Answer: A

Turpitude means depravity/wickedness; its antonym is 'Sainly behaviour'.

Q5. Answer: C

Differences increase by 2: +2,+4,+6,+8,+10,+12. So $55+12 = 67$.

Q6. Answer: C

Additional evidence is evidence let in on appeal after the trial has closed in the lower court; a privilege allowed only under special circumstances (Order 41 Rule 27 CPC / Section 391 CrPC).

Q7. Answer: C

Section 249 CrPC empowers the Magistrate to discharge the accused on the absence of the complainant (before charge, where offence is compoundable or non-cognizable).

Q8. Answer: A

Under Section 102 of the Evidence Act burden lies on the party who would fail if no evidence were given; since B (in possession) would retain the land, the burden of proof is on A.

Q11. Answer: A

Under Section 178A of the Contract Act, where the pawnor obtained possession under a voidable contract not rescinded at the time of pledge, the pawnee (acting in good faith) acquires a good title to the goods.

Q12. Answer: C

A police officer torturing/hurting Z to extort a confession commits an offence under Section 330 IPC (voluntarily causing hurt to extort confession).

Q13. Answer: A

Making the atmosphere noxious to health is dealt with under Section 278 IPC.

Q15. Answer: C

Section 2(m) of the Limitation Act, 1963 defines 'tort' as a civil wrong which is not exclusively the breach of a contract or the breach of a trust.

Q16. Answer: D

The right to maintenance under Section 125 CrPC is a personal right created by the criminal court's order, creates no charge on property, and the maintenance cannot be made alienable - hence all of these are true.

Q17. Answer: A

The intersection of a row and a column in a spreadsheet is called a cell.

Q18. Answer: A

The 44th Amendment Act, 1978 omitted Article 31 (which dealt with compulsory acquisition of property) and deleted the right to property as a fundamental right, replacing it with Article 300A.

Q19. Answer: B

The correctly spelled word is 'Facilitate' (option b).

Q20. Answer: A

An extra-judicial confession is regarded as weak especially when made before a person with whom the accused had no previous contact.

Q21. Answer: B

$44887 - 35796 = 9091$ (constant added). So $46823 + 9091 = 55914$.

Q22. Answer: A

Article 25 of the Limitation Act, 1963 prescribes the period for money payable for interest upon money due from the defendant to the plaintiff (3 years from when interest becomes due).

Q23. Answer: A

False statements/rumours circulated with intent to cause mutiny or offence against public peace are dealt with under Section 505 IPC (statements conducing to public mischief).

Q24. Answer: C

Touch screen kiosks are commonly used for displaying information at public places.

Q25. Answer: B

Using as true any declaration knowing it to be false is dealt with under Section 200 IPC.

Q26. Answer: D

Principal = $SI \times 100 / (R \times T) = 90 \times 100 / (5 \times 3) = 9000 / 15 = \text{Rs. } 600$.

Q27. Answer: B

'Drifted apart' means to gradually become less close - correct for friends going to different universities.

Q28. Answer: A

For illegal detention by the police, the appropriate writ is Habeas Corpus, which commands production of the detained person before the court.

Q30. Answer: D

Order 22 Rule 4 CPC governs the death of one of several defendants or the sole defendant, providing for substitution of the legal representative.

Q31. Answer: B

'Manifest' means clear or obvious; its synonym is 'Evident'.

Q33. Answer: B

Under Section 6(2) of the Limitation Act, 1963, where several disabilities co-exist or a further disability supervenes, time will not commence till both (all) the disabilities have ceased.

Q34. Answer: A

Section 239 CrPC provides that in a warrant case instituted on a police report, if upon consideration the Magistrate finds the charge groundless, he shall discharge the accused.

Q35. Answer: C

The tangible (physical) components of a computer system are collectively called hardware; software is intangible.

Q36. Answer: A

Under the Bombay Prohibition (Gujarat Amendment) Act, 'Laththa' is defined as spurious liquor containing methanol or any other poisonous substance.

Q38. Answer: B

An FIR is the earliest and first information of a cognizable offence recorded by the officer in charge of a police station (Section 154 CrPC).

Q39. Answer: D

'Inimitable' means matchless/incapable of being imitated; its antonym is 'Ordinary'.

Q40. Answer: B

Order 8 Rule 6 CPC requires the defendant to give particulars of a set-off in the written statement, which then has the effect of a plaint in a cross-suit.

Q41. Answer: D

Section 153A CPC gives the court of first instance power to amend the decree/order under Section 152 where the appeal has been summarily dismissed under Order 41 Rule 11.

Q42. Answer: D

A partition suit ordinarily proceeds in two stages, producing both a preliminary decree (declaring shares) and a final decree (effecting actual division by metes and bounds).

Q43. Answer: A

Options array is empty/missing in the source, so the intended key cannot be selected. Computationally the new person's weight = $80 + (10 \times 3) = 110$ kg; whichever option equals 110 kg is correct.

Q45. Answer: A

Order 16A Rule 6 CPC requires the officer in charge of the prison to cause the named prisoner to be brought to and kept in custody in or near the court.

Q47. Answer: A

An eye winks; correspondingly a heart throbs (its characteristic rhythmic action).

Q48. Answer: A

To be 'on the same page' is an idiom meaning to be in agreement.

Q49. Answer: B

Section 100 of the Gujarat Prohibition Act, 1949 lays down the procedure in confiscation (Section 98 lists things liable to confiscation; Section 99 deals with return to bona fide owners).

Q50. Answer: A

The Internet spans across countries/continents and is the classic example of a Wide Area Network (WAN).

Q51. Answer: B

By default, MS Word prints documents in Portrait orientation.

Q52. Answer: A

Section 25 of the Indian Evidence Act bars confessions made to a police officer; for its application the statement must amount to a confession.

Q54. Answer: D

Section 114 IPC (abettor present when offence committed) requires abetment by the accused, that the act was committed in pursuance of the abetment, and the accused's presence at the time of commission - all of these.

Q55. Answer: C

'Flipped through' means to browse/turn the pages of a magazine, which fits the context.

Q56. Answer: A

Section 139 NI Act raises the presumption that the holder of the cheque received it for the discharge, in whole or in part, of any debt or other liability, unless the contrary is proved.

Q58. Answer: B

Section 6 of the Indian Evidence Act embodies the doctrine of res gestae - facts forming part of the same transaction are relevant.

Q63. Answer: C

Using computer workstations to send and receive messages is electronic mail (email).

Q64. Answer: D

Under subsequent conduct (relevant under Section 8 of the Evidence Act), change of life, evasion of justice, and fear/trembling are all material - all of these.

Q65. Answer: D

Section 58 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 deals with an alternative promise one branch of which is illegal, in which case only the legal branch is enforceable.

Q66. Answer: A

'Dispatch' is the correct spelling; option (d) 'Dyspatch' is wrong (options a/b/c are printed identically in the OCR, so any of those is the intended correct choice).

Q67. Answer: A

Section 141 of the Indian Evidence Act defines a leading question as one suggesting the answer which the person putting it wishes or expects to receive.

Q68. Answer: B

Under Order 2 Rule 2 CPC, a plaintiff who sues for only one matured instalment and relinquishes/omits the claim for the other due instalments cannot afterwards sue for them; the whole claim arising from one cause of action must be included.

Q69. Answer: D

Evidence of formal character by affidavit is actually Section 296 CrPC, which is not among the options; the nearest related affidavit provision present is Section 295 (affidavit in proof of conduct of public servant), so option (d) is the best available guess. Likely an option-printing error.

Q71. Answer: A

Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan was among the first recipients of the Bharat Ratna in 1954 (along with C. Rajagopalachari and C.V. Raman); he is the only first-batch awardee listed.

Q73. Answer: B

Section 428 CrPC provides that the period of detention undergone by the accused during investigation, inquiry or trial shall be set off against the term of imprisonment imposed on conviction.

Q74. Answer: A

Standard editions of the Limitation Act 1963 Schedule give Article 27 (possession on forfeiture/breach of condition) a 12-year period, which is not among the options; given the year-only options the intended answer is likely 'one year', so (a) is the best guess. Numbering/options appear inconsistent with the current Schedule.

Q75. Answer: A

Under Section 116 IPC (abetment of an offence punishable with imprisonment, where the offence is not committed), the first part requires proof that the accused abetted the offence by instigation, conspiracy or intentional aiding; option (a) correctly states this limb.

Q76. Answer: D

The Tropic of Cancer (23.5 N) passes through India, traversing eight states; the Equator, Arctic Circle and Tropic of Capricorn do not.

Q77. Answer: B

Joy, Happy and Anxiety are emotional states; 'Clever' is a physical object (a tool), making it the odd one out.

Q78. Answer: C

This is the illustration to the general exception (good faith, mistake of fact, Section 79 IPC): A, apprehending what appears to be a murderer in good faith exercise of the power law gives all persons, commits no offence even if Z turns out to have acted in self-defence.

Q80. Answer: A

Expedient means suitable, convenient and advantageous for a particular purpose.

Q82. Answer: C

The proviso to Section 157 CrPC requires, for rape offences, that the victim's statement be recorded at her residence or place of her choice and, as far as practicable, by a woman police officer in the presence of her parent/guardian/near relative/social worker; both (A) and (B) are correct.

Q83. Answer: A

Section 149 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 deals with how delivery to a bailee is made: by doing anything which has the effect of putting the goods in the possession of the bailee or of any person authorised to hold them on his behalf.

Q85. Answer: A

Article 94 of the Limitation Act 1963 covers transfers of property comprised in a Hindu, Muslim OR Buddhist religious/charitable endowment (not Christian); since options (a), (b) and (c) all qualify and only Christian is excluded, the question is defective. Hindu religious endowment (a) is taken as the intended/safest single answer.

Q86. Answer: C

Autrefois acquit (and the double jeopardy bar under Section 300 CrPC / Article 20(2)) arises when a person is tried again for the same offence after a prior acquittal or conviction.

Q89. Answer: C

'Beating around the bush' is an idiom meaning to avoid the main topic and not come straight to the point.

Q90. Answer: D

Statement (d) is false: Section 149 IPC (unlawful assembly) requires at least five persons sharing a common object, whereas Section 34 requires at least two persons sharing a common intention; option (d) reverses these requirements.

Q91. Answer: A

Article 51A of the Constitution of India (inserted by the 42nd Amendment) enumerates the Fundamental Duties of citizens.

Q92. Answer: A

Under Section 20 of the Contract Act (mistake of fact as to a matter essential to the agreement) and Section 6 of the Sale of Goods Act (goods perishing before the contract without the knowledge of either party), the agreement is void.

Q93. Answer: A

Section 329 IPC punishes voluntarily causing grievous hurt to extort property/valuable security or to constrain a person to do anything illegal or which may facilitate an offence.

Q94. Answer: B

When a file is saved for the first time it must be given a name (and location) to identify it so it can be stored and retrieved.

Q95. Answer: A

CTRL+Z is the standard keyboard shortcut to undo the last action.

Q97. Answer: A

Order 8 Rule 9 CPC deals with subsequent pleadings (no pleading subsequent to the written statement other than by way of defence to set-off or counterclaim shall be presented except by leave of the Court).

Q98. Answer: B

Section 63 of the Indian Evidence Act, clause (2), lists as secondary evidence copies made from the original by mechanical processes which in themselves ensure accuracy, and copies compared with such copies.

Q99. Answer: C

Section 75A of the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881 excuses delay in presentment for acceptance or payment where it is caused by circumstances beyond the holder's control and not imputable to his default, misconduct or negligence.

Q100. Answer: A

Article 20(2) of the Constitution embodies the rule against double jeopardy: no person shall be prosecuted and punished for the same offence more than once.