

Rajasthan Judiciary - Mains 2015

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LAW PAPER -I

- Q1. Briefly discuss the applicability of doctrine of severability under Article 13(1) of the Constitution of India.
- Q2. Briefly discuss the provisions of Code of Civil Procedure regarding examination of parties by the court at the first hearing.
- Q3. "Where once time has begun to run, no subsequent disability or inability stops it". Explain
- Q4. Deliberate on Rule against perpetuity provided under the provisions of Transfer of Property Act.
- Q5. Briefly discuss the power of Court under Section 89 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
- Q6. Elaborate the provisions under the Code of Civil Procedure regarding non appearance of the parties and consequence of non-appearance.
- Q7. Write a note on doctrine of lis pendens.
- Q8. Explain the difference between return of plaint and rejection of plaint.
- Q9. "Arbitrariness is anti-thesis to Article 14 of the Constitution of India". Elaborate.
- Q10. Elaborately discuss the remedies falling in the realm of civil law provided under the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005, to those women who have been in domestic relationship with the respondent as defined under Section 2(q) of the said Act.
- Q11. "Consent is said to be free when it is not caused by coercion or undue influence or fraud or misrepresentation or mistake". Discuss with reference to provisions of Section 14 to 22 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872.

LAW PAPER -II

- Q1. When an accused can be discharged by a Magistrate?
- Q2. When and how an accused who is not present before the Magistrate can be convicted in petty cases on plea of guilt?
- Q3. What do you understand by Local Jurisdiction?
- Q4. Whether the State Government can file an appeal against the order of acquittal?
- Q5. X holds Y down, and fraudulently without the consent of Y takes away his precious wrist watch and in order to commit this theft, X also voluntarily causes wrongful restraint to Y. What offence X has committed?
- Q6. To support a suit under Order 37 of Code of Civil Procedure, B makes a false entry in his books of account. What offence under IPC has he committed?
- Q7. What do you understand by counterfeit?

Q8. What is a leading question?

Q9. What are the public documents as defined under Indian Evidence Act?

Q10. When the opinion as to electronic signature is relevant?

Q11. What are the contents of charge? What particulars as to time, place and person should be given in charge? Can Court alter charges once framed?

Q12. What are the special provisions in the Indian Evidence Act regarding admissibility of electronic record? In what circumstances information contained in electronic record can be accepted in evidence?

Q13. What are the conditions enumerated in proviso to Exception 1 of Section 300 of IPC, subject to which defence can be set up by accused that he lost power of self-control due to grave and sudden provocation given by victim?

Q14. Write a detailed note about the procedure given in Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, when investigation cannot be completed within 24 hours.

Q15. Discuss the provision relating to bail of juvenile under Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act.

Q16. Who is a child in the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012? Discuss the provisions relating to aggravated sexual assault given in the Act.